

# STATE OF NEW YORK

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1916

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

January 11, 2021

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Introduced by M. of A. ZEBROWSKI -- read once and referred to the  
Committee on Judiciary

### CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

proposing an amendment to sections 2, 4, 5, 5-a and 5-b of article 3 of the constitution, in relation to the number of state senators and inclusion of incarcerated persons in the federal census for population determination for redistricting purposes and to the functioning of the independent redistricting commission in the determination of district lines for congressional and state legislative offices; and to repeal section 3 of article 3 of the constitution relating thereto

1 Section 1. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section 2 of article  
2 3 of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

3 § 2. The senate shall consist of [fifty] sixty-three members[, except  
4 as hereinafter provided]. The senators elected in the year one thousand  
5 eight hundred and ninety-five shall hold their offices for three years,  
6 and their successors shall be chosen for two years. The assembly shall  
7 consist of one hundred and fifty members. The assembly members elected  
8 in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight, and their  
9 successors, shall be chosen for two years.

10 § 2. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section 3 of article 3 of  
11 the constitution be REPEALED.

12 § 3. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section 4 of article 3 of  
13 the constitution be amended to read as follows:

14 § 4. (a) Except as herein otherwise provided, the federal census taken  
15 in the year nineteen hundred thirty and each federal census taken decen-  
16 nially thereafter shall be controlling as to the number of inhabitants  
17 in the state or any part thereof for the purposes of the apportionment  
18 of members of assembly and readjustment or alteration of senate and  
19 assembly districts next occurring, in so far as such census and the  
20 tabulation thereof purport to give the information necessary therefor.  
21 The legislature, by law, shall provide for the making and tabulation by  
22 state authorities of an enumeration of the inhabitants of the entire

EXPLANATION--Matter in *italics* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[ ] is old law to be omitted.

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1 state to be used for such purposes, instead of a federal census, if the  
2 taking of a federal census in any tenth year from the year nineteen  
3 hundred thirty be omitted or if the federal census fails to show the  
4 total number of inhabitants of the entire state, including the number of  
5 aliens [or] and Indians not taxed. If a federal census, though giving  
6 the requisite information as to the state at large, fails to give the  
7 information as to any civil or territorial divisions which is required  
8 to be known for such purposes, the legislature, by law, shall provide  
9 for such an enumeration of the inhabitants of such parts of the state  
10 only as may be necessary, which shall supersede in part the federal  
11 census and be used in connection therewith for such purposes. If a  
12 federal census fails to provide enumeration and identification of incar-  
13 cerated persons, the appropriate state entities shall provide informa-  
14 tion sufficient to re-enumerate incarcerated persons to their place of  
15 last residence for the purposes of drawing district lines, no later than  
16 September first of any year ending in one. The legislature, by law, may  
17 provide in its discretion for an enumeration by state authorities of the  
18 inhabitants of the state, to be used for such purposes, in place of a  
19 federal census, when the return of a decennial federal census is delayed  
20 so that it is not available at the beginning of the regular session of  
21 the legislature in the second year after the year nineteen hundred thir-  
22 ty or after any tenth year therefrom, or if an apportionment of members  
23 of assembly and readjustment or alteration of senate districts is not  
24 made at or before such a session. At the regular session in the year  
25 nineteen hundred thirty-two, and at the first regular session after the  
26 year nineteen hundred forty and after each tenth year therefrom the  
27 senate districts shall be readjusted or altered, but if, in any decade,  
28 counting from and including that which begins with the year nineteen  
29 hundred thirty-one, such a readjustment or alteration is not made at the  
30 time above prescribed, it shall be made at a subsequent session occur-  
31 ring not later than the sixth year of such decade, meaning not later  
32 than nineteen hundred thirty-six, nineteen hundred forty-six, nineteen  
33 hundred fifty-six, and so on; provided, however, that if such districts  
34 shall have been readjusted or altered by law in either of the years  
35 nineteen hundred thirty or nineteen hundred thirty-one, they shall  
36 remain unaltered until the first regular session after the year nineteen  
37 hundred forty. No town, except a town having more than a full ratio of  
38 apportionment[, and no block in a city inclosed by streets or public  
39 ways,] shall be divided in the formation of senate districts. [In the  
40 reapportionment of senate districts, no district shall contain a greater  
41 excess in population over an adjoining district in the same county, than  
42 the population of a town or block therein adjoining such district. Coun-  
43 ties, towns or blocks which, from their location, may be included in  
44 either of two districts, shall be so placed as to make said districts  
45 most nearly equal in number of inhabitants, excluding aliens.

46 No county shall have four or more senators unless it shall have a full  
47 ratio for each senator.] No county shall have more than one-third of all  
48 the senators; and no two counties or the territory thereof as now organ-  
49 ized, which are adjoining counties, or which are separated only by  
50 public waters, shall have more than one-half of all the senators.

51 (b) The independent redistricting commission established pursuant to  
52 section five-b of this article shall prepare a redistricting plan to  
53 establish senate, assembly, and congressional districts every ten years  
54 commencing in two thousand twenty-one, and shall submit to the legisla-  
55 ture such plan and the implementing legislation therefor on or before  
56 [January] November first or as soon as practicable thereafter but no

1 later than [January] November fifteenth in the year ending in [two  
2 beginning in two thousand twenty-two] one. The redistricting plans for  
3 the assembly and the senate shall be contained in and voted upon by the  
4 legislature in a single bill, and the congressional district plan may be  
5 included in the same bill if the legislature chooses to do so. The  
6 implementing legislation shall be voted upon, without amendment, by the  
7 senate or the assembly and if approved by the first house voting upon  
8 it, such legislation shall be delivered to the other house immediately  
9 to be voted upon without amendment. If approved by both houses, such  
10 legislation shall be presented to the governor for action.

11 If either house shall fail to approve the legislation implementing the  
12 first redistricting plan, or the governor shall veto such legislation  
13 and the legislature shall fail to override such veto, each house or the  
14 governor if he or she vetoes it, shall notify the commission that such  
15 legislation has been disapproved. Within fifteen days of such notifica-  
16 tion and in no case later than [February twenty-eighth] January first,  
17 the redistricting commission shall prepare and submit to the legislature  
18 a second redistricting plan and the necessary implementing legislation  
19 for such plan. Such legislation shall be voted upon, without amendment,  
20 by the senate or the assembly and, if approved by the first house voting  
21 upon it, such legislation shall be delivered to the other house imme-  
22 diately to be voted upon without amendment. If approved by both houses,  
23 such legislation shall be presented to the governor for action. In the  
24 year two thousand twenty-two only, the commission shall submit to the  
25 legislature a first redistricting plan no later than January first, two  
26 thousand twenty-two. If either house shall fail to approve the legis-  
27 lation implementing the first redistricting plan, or the governor shall  
28 veto such legislation and the legislature shall fail to override such  
29 veto, each house or the governor if he or she vetoes it, shall promptly  
30 notify the commission that such legislation has been disapproved. No  
31 later than January fifteen, two thousand twenty-two, the redistricting  
32 commission shall prepare and submit to the legislature a second redis-  
33 tricting plan and the necessary implementing legislation for such plan.  
34 Such legislation shall be voted upon, without amendment, by the senate  
35 or the assembly and, if approved by the first house voting upon it, such  
36 legislation shall be delivered to the other house immediately to be  
37 voted upon without amendment. If approved by both houses, such legis-  
38 lation shall be presented to the governor for action.

39 If either house shall fail to approve the legislation implementing the  
40 second redistricting plan, or the governor shall veto such legislation  
41 and the legislature shall fail to override such veto, or the redistrict-  
42 ing commission fails to vote on a redistricting plan and implementing  
43 legislation by the required deadline and makes a submission to the  
44 legislature pursuant to subdivision (g-1) of section five-b of this  
45 article, each house shall introduce such implementing legislation with  
46 any amendments each house of the legislature deems necessary. All such  
47 amendments shall comply with the provisions of this article. If  
48 approved by both houses, such legislation shall be presented to the  
49 governor for action.

50 All votes by the senate or assembly on any redistricting plan legis-  
51 lation pursuant to this article shall be conducted in accordance with  
52 the following rules:

53 (1) [In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary  
54 president of the senate are members of two different political parties,  
55 approval] Approval of legislation submitted by the independent redis-  
56 tricting commission pursuant to subdivision (f) of section five-b of

1 this article shall require the vote in support of its passage by at  
2 least a majority of the members elected to each house.

3 (2) [In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary  
4 president of the senate are members of two different political parties,  
5 approval] Approval of legislation submitted by the independent redistricting  
6 commission pursuant to subdivision (g) of section five-b of  
7 this article shall require the vote in support of its passage by at  
8 least sixty percent of the members elected to each house.

9 [(3) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary  
10 president of the senate are members of the same political party,  
11 approval of legislation submitted by the independent redistricting  
12 commission pursuant to subdivision (f) or (g) of section five-b of this  
13 article shall require the vote in support of its passage by at least  
14 two-thirds of the members elected to each house.]

15 (c) Subject to the requirements of the federal constitution and statutes  
16 and in compliance with state constitutional requirements, the  
17 following principles shall be used in the creation of state senate and  
18 state assembly districts and congressional districts:

19 (1) When drawing district lines, the commission shall consider whether  
20 such lines would result in the denial or abridgement of racial or  
21 language minority voting rights, and districts shall not be drawn to  
22 have the purpose of, nor shall they result in, the denial or abridgement  
23 of such rights. Districts shall be drawn so that, based on the totality  
24 of the circumstances, racial or minority language groups do not have  
25 less opportunity to participate in the political process than other  
26 members of the electorate and to elect representatives of their choice.

27 (2) To the extent practicable, districts shall contain as nearly as  
28 may be an equal number of inhabitants. For each district that deviates  
29 from this requirement, the commission shall provide a specific public  
30 explanation as to why such deviation exists.

31 (3) Each district shall consist of contiguous territory.

32 (4) Each district shall be as compact in form as practicable.

33 (5) Districts shall not be drawn to discourage competition or for the  
34 purpose of favoring or disfavoring incumbents or other particular candidates  
35 or political parties. The commission shall consider the maintenance  
36 of cores of existing districts, of pre-existing political subdivisions,  
37 including counties, cities, and towns, and of communities of  
38 interest.

39 (6) [In drawing senate districts, towns or blocks which, from their  
40 location may be included in either of two districts, shall be so placed  
41 as to make said districts most nearly equal in number of inhabitants.  
42 The requirements that senate districts not divide counties or towns, as  
43 well as the 'block-on-border' and 'town-on-border' rules, shall remain  
44 in effect] To the extent practicable, all incarcerated persons shall be  
45 re-numerated to their place of last residence for the purposes of drawing  
46 district lines.

47 During the preparation of the redistricting plan, the independent  
48 redistricting commission shall conduct not less than one public hearing  
49 on proposals for the redistricting of congressional and state legislative  
50 districts in each of the following (i) cities: Albany, Buffalo, Syracuse,  
51 Rochester, and White Plains; and (ii) counties: Bronx, Kings, New York,  
52 Queens, Richmond, Nassau, and Suffolk. Notice of all such hearings shall  
53 be widely published using the best available means and media a reasonable  
54 time before every hearing. At least thirty days prior to the first public  
55 hearing and in any event no later than September  
56 fifteenth of the year ending in one or as soon as practicable thereafter.

1 er, the independent redistricting commission shall make widely available  
2 to the public, in print form and using the best available technology,  
3 its draft redistricting plans, relevant data, and related information.  
4 Such plans, data, and information shall be in a form that allows and  
5 facilitates their use by the public to review, analyze, and comment upon  
6 such plans and to develop alternative redistricting plans for presenta-  
7 tion to the commission at the public hearings. The independent redis-  
8 tracting commission shall report the findings of all such hearings to  
9 the legislature upon submission of a redistricting plan.

10 (d) The ratio for apportioning senators shall always be obtained by  
11 dividing the number of inhabitants[, excluding aliens,] by [fifty]  
12 sixty-three, and the senate shall always be composed of [fifty] sixty-  
13 three members[, except that if any county having three or more senators  
14 at the time of any apportionment shall be entitled on such ratio to an  
15 additional senator or senators, such additional senator or senators  
16 shall be given to such county in addition to the fifty senators, and the  
17 whole number of senators shall be increased to that extent].

18 The senate districts, including the present ones, as existing imme-  
19 diately before the enactment of a law readjusting or altering the senate  
20 districts, shall continue to be the senate districts of the state until  
21 the expirations of the terms of the senators then in office, except for  
22 the purpose of an election of senators for full terms beginning at such  
23 expirations, and for the formation of assembly districts.

24 (e) The process for redistricting congressional and state legislative  
25 districts established by this section and sections five and five-b of  
26 this article shall govern redistricting in this state except to the  
27 extent that a court is required to order the adoption of, or changes to,  
28 a redistricting plan as a remedy for a violation of law.

29 A reapportionment plan and the districts contained in such plan shall  
30 be in force until the effective date of a plan based upon the subsequent  
31 federal decennial census taken in a year ending in zero unless modified  
32 pursuant to court order.

33 § 4. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That sections 5-a and 5-b of  
34 article 3 of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

35 [§ 5-a. For the purpose of apportioning senate and assembly districts  
36 pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this article, the term "inhabit-  
37 ants, excluding aliens" shall mean the whole number of persons.]

38 § 5-b. (a) On or before February first of each year ending with a zero  
39 and at any other time a court orders that congressional or state legis-  
40 lative districts be amended, an independent redistricting commission  
41 shall be established to determine the district lines for congressional  
42 and state legislative offices. The independent redistricting commission  
43 shall be composed of ten members, appointed as follows:

44 (1) two members shall be appointed by the temporary president of the  
45 senate;

46 (2) two members shall be appointed by the speaker of the assembly;

47 (3) two members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the  
48 senate;

49 (4) two members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the  
50 assembly;

51 (5) two members shall be appointed by the eight members appointed  
52 pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (4) of this subdivision by a vote of  
53 not less than five members in favor of such appointment, and these two  
54 members shall not have been enrolled in the preceding five years in  
55 either of the two political parties that contain the largest or second  
56 largest number of enrolled voters within the state;

1 (6) one member shall be designated chair of the commission by a major-  
2 ity of the members appointed pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (5) of  
3 this subdivision to convene and preside over each meeting of the commis-  
4 sion.

5 (b) The members of the independent redistricting commission shall be  
6 registered voters in this state. No member shall within the last three  
7 years:

8 (1) be or have been a member of the New York state legislature or  
9 United States Congress or a statewide elected official;

10 (2) be or have been a state officer or employee or legislative employ-  
11 ee as defined in section seventy-three of the public officers law;

12 (3) be or have been a registered lobbyist in New York state;

13 (4) be or have been a political party chairman, as defined in para-  
14 graph (k) of subdivision one of section seventy-three of the public  
15 officers law;

16 (5) be the spouse of a statewide elected official or of any member of  
17 the United States Congress, or of the state legislature.

18 (c) To the extent practicable, the members of the independent redis-  
19 tricting commission shall reflect the diversity of the residents of this  
20 state with regard to race, ethnicity, gender, language, and geographic  
21 residence and to the extent practicable the appointing authorities shall  
22 consult with organizations devoted to protecting the voting rights of  
23 minority and other voters concerning potential appointees to the commis-  
24 sion.

25 (d) Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled  
26 within thirty days in the manner provided for in the original appoint-  
27 ments.

28 (e) The legislature shall provide by law for the compensation of the  
29 members of the independent redistricting commission, including compen-  
30 sation for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of  
31 their duties.

32 (f) A minimum of five members of the independent redistricting commis-  
33 sion shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business or  
34 the exercise of any power of such commission prior to the appointment of  
35 the two commission members appointed pursuant to paragraph (5) of subdi-  
36 vision (a) of this section, and a minimum of seven members shall consti-  
37 tute a quorum after such members have been appointed, and no exercise of  
38 any power of the independent redistricting commission shall occur with-  
39 out the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the members, provided  
40 that[, in order to approve any redistricting plan and implementing  
41 legislation, the following rules shall apply:

42 (1) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary  
43 president of the senate are members of the same political party,  
44 approval of a redistricting plan and implementing legislation by the  
45 commission for submission to the legislature shall require the vote in  
46 support of its approval by at least seven members including at least one  
47 member appointed by each of the legislative leaders.

48 (2) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary  
49 president of the senate are members of two different political parties,]  
50 approval of a redistricting plan and implementing legislation by the  
51 commission for submission to the legislature shall require the vote in  
52 support of its approval by at least seven members [including at least  
53 one member appointed by the speaker of the assembly and one member  
54 appointed by the temporary president of the senate].

55 (g) In the event that the commission is unable to obtain seven votes  
56 to approve a redistricting plan on or before [January] November first in

1 the year ending in [two] one or as soon as practicable thereafter, the  
2 commission shall submit to the legislature that redistricting plan and  
3 implementing legislation that garnered the highest number of votes in  
4 support of its approval by the commission with a record of the votes  
5 taken. In the event that more than one plan received the same number of  
6 votes for approval, and such number was higher than that for any other  
7 plan, then the commission shall submit all plans that obtained such  
8 number of votes. The legislature shall consider and vote upon such  
9 implementing legislation in accordance with the voting rules set forth  
10 in subdivision (b) of section four of this article.

11 (g-1) If the commission does not vote on any redistricting plan or  
12 plans, for any reason, by the date required for submission of such plan  
13 by this article, the commission shall submit to the legislature all  
14 plans in its possession, both completed and in draft form, and the data  
15 upon which such plans are based.

16 (h) (1) The independent redistricting commission shall appoint two  
17 co-executive directors by a majority vote of the commission [in accord-  
18 ance with the following procedure:

19 (i) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary  
20 president of the senate are members of two different political parties,  
21 the co-executive directors shall be approved by a majority of the  
22 commission that includes at least one appointee by the speaker of the  
23 assembly and at least one appointee by the temporary president of the  
24 senate.

25 (ii) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary  
26 president of the senate are members of the same political party, the  
27 co-executive directors shall be approved by a majority of the commission  
28 that includes at least one appointee by each of the legislative lead-  
29 ers].

30 (2) [One of the co-executive directors shall be enrolled in the poli-  
31 tical party with the highest number of enrolled members in the state and  
32 one shall be enrolled in the political party with the second highest  
33 number of enrolled members in the state.] The co-executive directors  
34 shall appoint such staff as are necessary to perform the commission's  
35 duties, except that the commission shall review a staffing plan prepared  
36 and provided by the co-executive directors which shall contain a list of  
37 the various positions and the duties, qualifications, and salaries asso-  
38 ciated with each position.

39 [(3) In the event that the commission is unable to appoint one or both  
40 of the co-executive directors within forty-five days of the establish-  
41 ment of a quorum of seven commissioners, the following procedure shall  
42 be followed:

43 (i) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary  
44 president of the senate are members of two different political parties,  
45 within ten days the speaker's appointees on the commission shall appoint  
46 one co-executive director, and the temporary president's appointees on  
47 the commission shall appoint the other co-executive director. Also with-  
48 in ten days the minority leader of the assembly shall select a co-deputy  
49 executive director, and the minority leader of the senate shall select  
50 the other co-deputy executive director.

51 (ii) In the event that the speaker of the assembly and the temporary  
52 president of the senate are members of the same political party, within  
53 ten days the speaker's and temporary president's appointees on the  
54 commission shall together appoint one co-executive director, and the two  
55 minority leaders' appointees on the commission shall together appoint  
56 the other co-executive director.

1 (4) In the event of a vacancy in the offices of co-executive director  
2 or co-deputy executive director, the position shall be filled within ten  
3 days of its occurrence by the same appointing authority or authorities  
4 that appointed his or her predecessor.]

5 (i) The state budget shall include necessary appropriations for the  
6 expenses of the independent redistricting commission, provide for  
7 compensation and reimbursement of expenses for the members and staff of  
8 the commission, assign to the commission any additional duties that the  
9 legislature may deem necessary to the performance of the duties stipu-  
10 lated in this article, and require other agencies and officials of the  
11 state of New York and its political subdivisions to provide such infor-  
12 mation and assistance as the commission may require to perform its  
13 duties.

14 § 5. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That section 5 of article 3 of  
15 the constitution be amended to read as follows:

16 § 5. The members of the assembly shall be chosen by single districts  
17 and shall be apportioned pursuant to this section and sections four and  
18 five-b of this article at each regular session at which the senate  
19 districts are readjusted or altered, and by the same law, among the  
20 several counties of the state, as nearly as may be according to the  
21 number of their respective inhabitants[, excluding aliens]. Every county  
22 heretofore established and separately organized, except the county of  
23 Hamilton, shall always be entitled to one member of assembly, and no  
24 county shall hereafter be erected unless its population shall entitle it  
25 to a member. The county of Hamilton shall elect with the county of  
26 Fulton, until the population of the county of Hamilton shall, according  
27 to the ratio, entitle it to a member. But the legislature may abolish  
28 the said county of Hamilton and annex the territory thereof to some  
29 other county or counties.

30 The quotient obtained by dividing the whole number of inhabitants of  
31 the state, [excluding aliens,] by the number of members of assembly,  
32 shall be the ratio for apportionment, which shall be made as follows:  
33 One member of assembly shall be apportioned to every county, including  
34 Fulton and Hamilton as one county, containing less than the ratio and  
35 one-half over. Two members shall be apportioned to every other county.  
36 The remaining members of assembly shall be apportioned to the counties  
37 having more than two ratios according to the number of inhabitants[,  
38 excluding aliens]. Members apportioned on remainders shall be appor-  
39 tioned to the counties having the highest remainders in the order there-  
40 of respectively. No county shall have more members of assembly than a  
41 county having a greater number of inhabitants[, excluding aliens].

42 The assembly districts, including the present ones, as existing imme-  
43 diately before the enactment of a law making an apportionment of members  
44 of assembly among the counties, shall continue to be the assembly  
45 districts of the state until the expiration of the terms of members then  
46 in office, except for the purpose of an election of members of assembly  
47 for full terms beginning at such expirations.

48 In any county entitled to more than one member, the board of supervi-  
49 sors, and in any city embracing an entire county and having no board of  
50 supervisors, the common council, or if there be none, the body exercis-  
51 ing the powers of a common council, shall assemble at such times as the  
52 legislature making an apportionment shall prescribe, and divide such  
53 counties into assembly districts as nearly equal in number of inhabit-  
54 ants, [excluding aliens,] as may be, of convenient and contiguous terri-  
55 tory in as compact form as practicable, each of which shall be wholly  
56 within a senate district formed under the same apportionment, equal to



1 the number of members of assembly to which such county shall be enti-  
2 tled, and shall cause to be filed in the office of the secretary of  
3 state and of the clerk of such county, a description of such districts,  
4 specifying the number of each district and of the inhabitants thereof,  
5 [excluding aliens,] according to the census or enumeration used as the  
6 population basis for the formation of such districts; and such appor-  
7 tionment and districts shall remain unaltered until after the next reap-  
8 portionment of members of assembly, except that the board of supervisors  
9 of any county containing a town having more than a ratio of apportion-  
10 ment and one-half over may alter the assembly districts in a senate  
11 district containing such town at any time on or before March first,  
12 nineteen hundred forty-six. In counties having more than one senate  
13 district, the same number of assembly districts shall be put in each  
14 senate district, unless the assembly districts cannot be evenly divided  
15 among the senate districts of any county, in which case one more assem-  
16 bly district shall be put in the senate district in such county having  
17 the largest, or one less assembly district shall be put in the senate  
18 district in such county having the smallest number of inhabitants,  
19 [excluding aliens,] as the case may require. Nothing in this section  
20 shall prevent the division, at any time, of counties and towns and the  
21 erection of new towns by the legislature.

22 An apportionment by the legislature, or other body, shall be subject  
23 to review by the supreme court, at the suit of any citizen, under such  
24 reasonable regulations as the legislature may prescribe; and any court  
25 before which a cause may be pending involving an apportionment, shall  
26 give precedence thereto over all other causes and proceedings, and if  
27 said court be not in session it shall convene promptly for the disposi-  
28 tion of the same. The court shall render its decision within sixty days  
29 after a petition is filed. In any judicial proceeding relating to redis-  
30 tricting of congressional or state legislative districts, any law estab-  
31 lishing congressional or state legislative districts found to violate  
32 the provisions of this article shall be invalid in whole or in part. In  
33 the event that a court finds such a violation, the legislature shall  
34 have a full and reasonable opportunity to correct the law's legal  
35 infirmities.

36 § 6. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the foregoing amendment be  
37 submitted to the people for approval at the general election to be held  
38 in the year 2021 in accordance with the provisions of the election law.